## PCT

# WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



### INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCI)

(51) International Patent Chasilication <sup>6</sup> : A01N 37/18, A61K 38/00, C07K 1/00, 2/00, 4/00, 7/00, 14/00, 16/00, 17/00, C07H 21/02, 21/04	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 97/48275 (43) International Publication Date: 24 December 1997 (24.12.97)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US (22) International Filing Date: 19 June 1997 (		CH, DE, DK, BS, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
(30) Prinrity Data: 60/020,150 20 June 1996 (20.06.96) 08/878,474 18 June 1997 (18.06.97)	_	Published  With international search report.
(71) Applicant: THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERS CALIFORNIA [US/US]: 22nd floor, 300 Lakesid Oakland, CA 94612 (US).		
(72) Inventurs: DE ROBERTIS, Edward, M.; 1695: Ynez Lanc, Pacific Palisades, CA 90277 BOUWMERSTER, Tewis; Apartment 708, 8: ering Avenue, Los Angeles, CA 90024 (US).	e (US	).
(74) Agents: SIEBERT, J., Suzanne et al.; Majestic, Siebert & Haue, Suite 1100, Four Embarcadero Cer Francisco, CA 94111 (US).		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

#### (54) THIE: ENDODERM, CARDIAC AND NEURAL INDUCING FACTORS

#### (57) Abstract

Novel proteins have been designated "cerberus" and "firzb-1", respectively. Cerebus is expressed as a secreted poptide thring embryogenesis of the Xenopus embryo, and is expressed specifically in the head organizer region. This new molecule has endodermal, cardiac, and neural tissue inducing activity, that should prove useful in therspentic, diagnostic, and clinical applications requiring regeneration, differentiation, or repair of these and other tissues. Firzb-1 is a soluble antagonist of growth factors of the Wat family that acts by binding to Wat growth factors in the extracellular space. A third novel protein is termed PAPC which promotes the formation of dostal mesoderm and somites in the embryo.

## FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Alberio	25	Spale	LB	Leatho	81	Stovenia
AM	Armoide	n	Pintons	LT	Lithusala	SK	Slovakie
AT	Austria	FR	Prance	w	Lexenboura	SN	Senegal
AU	Amtolia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latrin	<b>5</b> Z	Swaniland
AZ	Amdeijaa	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Мотако	10	Chal
BA	Bomia and Heraegovisa	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
23	Barbados	GH	Ghena.	MG	Medagascer	TJ	Tajikistas
22	Belgien	GN	Galoes	MK	The former Yezneley	TN	Turkroceistan
BF	Burkins Pago	GR	· Oreset		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hangary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
Ŋ	Benin	LE	Irrivod	MEN	Mongolia	UA.	Ulmbe
2.0	Brazil	П.	hmel	MCR	Mandanie	UG	Uganda
BY	Beleva	13	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	bab	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzhekista
Œ	Central African Republic	P	Japan	NE	Nigor	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KB	Kenya	NL.	Netherlands	YU	Yogoslavia
CH	Switzerfand	KC.	Kyrgyzene	NO	Narvay	ZW	Zimbabae
a	Côte d'Ivoire	107	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand	244	<u> </u>
CM	Contempo		Republic of Kores	n	Polend		
CN	Chiba	KR.	Republic of Kores	PT			
Ci.	Cubs	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Portogal Romania		
Œ	Canch Republic	īc	Salmt Lucio	S.U		•	
08	Canal	ü	Liechtestein	5D	Rossian Pederation		
OX	Oceanity Oceanity				Sadan		
EE.		LK	Sri Lunka	SE	Sweden		
25	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SC	Singapore		

20

1

## BNDODERM. CARDIAC AND NEURAL INDUCING PACTORS

#### 5 Field of the Invention

The invention generally relates to growth factors, neurotrophic factors, and their inhibitors, and more particularly to several new growth factors with neural, endodermal, and cardiac tissue inducing activity, to complexes and compositions including the factors, and to DNA or RNA coding sequences for the factors. Further, one of the novel growth factors should be useful in tumor suppression gene therapy.

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/020,150, filed June 20, 1996.

This invention was made with Government support under grant contract number BD-21502, awarded by the National Institutes of Health. The Government has certain rights in this invention.

#### Background of the Invention

Growth factors are substances, such as polypeptide hormones, which affect the growth of defined populations of animal cells in vivo or in vitro, but which are not nutrient substances. Proteins involved in the growth and differentiation of tissues may promote or inhibit growth, and promote or inhibit differentiation, and thus the general term "growth factor" includes cytokines, trophic factors, and their inhibitors.

15

20

25

30

35

2

Widespread neuronal cell death accompanies normal development of the central and peripheral nervous systems. Studies of peripheral target tissues during development have shown that neuronal cell death results from the competition among neurons for limiting amounts of survivor factors ("neurotrophic factors"). The earliest identified of these, nerve growth factor ("NGF"), is the most fully characterized and has been shown to be essential for the survival of sympathetic and neural crest-derived sensory neurons during early development of both chick and rat.

One family of neurotropic factors are the Whits, which have dorsal axis-inducing activity. Most of the Whit proteins are bound to cell surfaces. (See, e.g., Sokol et al., Science, 249, pp. 561-564, 1990.) Dorsal axis-inducing activity in Xenopus embryos by one member of this family (Xwhit-8) was described by Smith and Harland in 1991, Cell, 67, pp. 753-765. The authors described using RNA injections as a strategy for identifying endogenous RNAs involved in dorsal patterning to rescue dorsal development in embryos that were ventralized by UV irradiation.

Another member of the growth and neurotropic factor family was subsequently discovered and described by Harland and Smith, which they termed "noggin." (Cell, 70, pp. 829-840 (1992).) Noggin is a good candidate to function as a signaling molecule in Nieuwkoop's center, by virtue of its maternal transcripts, and in Spemann's organizer, through its zygotic organizer-specific expression. Besides noggin, other secreted factors may be involved in the organizer phenomenon.

Another Xenopus gene designated "chordin" that begins to be expressed in Spemann's organizer and that can completely rescue axial development in ventralized

PCT/US97/10942

embryos was described by Sasai et al., Cell, 79, pp. 779-790, 1994. In addition to dorsalizing mesoderm, chordin has the ability to induce neural tissue and its activities are antagonized by Bone Morphogenetic Protein-4 (Sasai et al., Nature, 376, pp. 333-336, 1995).

3

Therefore, the dorsal lip or Spemann's organizer of the Xenopus embryo is an ideal tissue for seeking novel growth and neurotrophic factors. New growth and neurotrophic factors are useful agents, particularly those that are secreted due to their ability to be used in physiologically active, soluble forms because these factors, their receptors, and DNA or RNA coding sequences therefore and fragments thereof are useful in a number of therapeutic, clinical, research, diagnostic, and drug design applications.

#### Summary of the Invention

10

15

20

25

30

In one aspect of the present invention, the sequence of the novel peptide that can be in substantially purified form is shown by SEQ ID NO:1. The Xenopus derived SEQ ID NO:1 has been designated "cerberus," and this peptide is capable of inducing endodermal, cardiac, and neural tissue development in vertebrates when expressed. The nucleotide sequence when expressed results in which, cerberus, Since peptides of the illustrated by SEQ ID NO:2. invention induce endodermal, cardiac, and neural tissue differentiation in vertebrates, they should be able to be prepared in physiologically active form for a number of therapeutic, clinical, and diagnostic applications.

Cerberus was isolated during a search for molecules expressed specifically in Spemann's organizer containing a secretory signal sequence. In addition to cerberus, two other novel cDNAs were identified.

The Xenopus derived peptide that can be deduced from SEQ ID NO:3 encodes a novel protein we had earlier designated as "frazzled," a secreted protein of 318 amino acids that has dorsalizing activity in Xenopus. We now designate the novel protein as embryos. "frzb-1." The gene for frib-1 is expressed in many adult tissues of many animals, three of the cDNAs (Xenopus, mouse, and human) have been cloned by us. accession numbers for the Xenopus, mouse, and human frzb-1 cDNA sequences of the gene now designated frzb-1 are U68059, U68058, and U68057, respectively. Przb-1 has some degree of sequence similarity to the Drosophila gene frizzled which has been shown to encode a seventransmembrane protein that can act both as a signalling and as a receptor protein (Vinson et al., Nature, 338, pp. 263-264, 1989; Vinson and Adler, Nature, 329, pp. 549-551, 1987). Vertebrate homologues of Prizzled have been isolated and they too were found to be anchored to the cell membrane by seven membrane spanning domains (Wang et al., J. Biol. Chem., 271, pp. 4468-4476, 1996). Przb-1 differs from the frizzled proteins in that it is an entirely soluble, diffusible secreted protein and therefore suitable as a therapeutic agent. nucleotide sequence derived from Xenopus that, when expressed, results in frzb-l protein is illustrated by SEQ ID NO:4. The frzb-1 protein derived from mouse is shown as SEQ ID NO:7, while the mouse frzb-1 nucleotide sequence is SEQ ID NO:8. The human derived frzb-1 protein is illustrated by SEQ ID NO:9, and the human frzb-1 nucleotide sequence is SEQ ID NO:10.

10

15

20

25

30

Przb-1 is an antagonist of Whts in vivo, and thus is believed to find utility as a tumor suppressor gene, since overexpressed Wht proteins cause cancer. Przb-1 may also be a useful vehicle for solubilization

15

20

25

30

35

5

and therapeutic delivery of Wnt proteins complexed with it.

The final cDNA isolated containing a signal sequence results in a peptide designated Paraxial Protocadherin (PAPC). The cDNA for PAPC is a divergent member of the cadherin multigene family. PAPC is most related to protocadherin 43 reported by Sano et al., The EMBO J., 12, pp. 2249-2256, 1993. As shown in SEQ ID NO:5, the PAPC gene encodes a transmembrane protein of 896 amino acids, of which 187 are part of an intracellular domain. PAPC is a cell adhesion molecule, and microinjection of PAPC mRNA constructs into Xenopus embryos suggest that PAPC acts as a molecule involved in mesoderm differentiation. A soluble form of the PAPC extracellular domain is able to block muscle and mesoderm formation in Xenopus embryos. The nucleotide sequence encoding Xenopus PAPC is provided in SEQ ID NO16.

Cerberus, frzb-1, or PAPC or fragments thereof (which also may be synthesized by in vitro methods) may be fused (by recombinant expression or in vitro covalent methods) to an immunogenic polypeptide and this, in turn, may be used to immunize an animal in order to raise antibodies against the novel proteins. Antibodies are recoverable from the serum of immunized animals. Alternatively, monoclonal antibodies may be prepared from cells from the immunized animal in conventional fashion. Immobilized antibodies are useful particularly in the diagnosis (in vitro or in vivo) or purification of cerberus, frzb-1, or PAPC.

Substitutional, deletional, or insertional mutants of the novel polypeptides may be prepared by in vitro or recombinant methods and screened for immunocrossreactivity with cerberus, frzb-1, or PAPC and for cerberus antagonist or agonist activity.

15

20

25

30

Cerberus or frzb-1 also may be derivatized in vitro in order to prepare immobilized and labelled proteins, particularly for purposes of diagnosis of insufficiencies thereof, or for affinity purification of antibodies thereto.

Among applications for the novel proteins are tissue replacement therapy and, because frzb-1 is an antagonist of What signaling, tumor suppression therapies. The cerberus receptor may define a novel signalling pathway. In addition, frzb-1 could permit the isolation of novel members of the What family of growth factors.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

Pigure 1 illustrates the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:1) of the Fig. 2 cDNA clone for cerberus;

Pigure 2 illustrates a cDNA clone (SEQ ID NO:2) for cerberus derived from Xenopus. Sense strand is on top (5' to 3' direction) and the antisense strand on the bottom line (in the opposite direction);

Pigures 3 and 4 show the amino acid and nucleotide sequence, respectively, of full-length frzb-1 from Xenopus (SEQ ID NOS:3 and 4);

Pigures 5 and 6 show the amino acid and nucleotide sequence, respectively, of full-length PAPC from Xenopus (SEQ ID NOS:5 and 6);

Figures 7 and 8 show the amino acid and nucleotide sequence, respectively, of full-length frzb-1 from mouse (SEQ ID NOS:7 and 8); and

Pigures 9 and 10 show the amino acid and nucleotide sequence, respectively, of full-length frzb-1 from human (SEQ ID NOS:9 and 10).

WO 97/48175 PCT/US97/10942

7

### Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

Among the several novel proteins and their nucleotide sequences described herein, is a novel endodermal, cardiac, and neural inducing factor in vertebrates that we have named "cerberus." When referring to cerberus, the present invention also contemplates the use of fragments, derivatives, agonists, or antagonists of cerberus molecules. Because cerberus has no homology to any reported growth factors, it is proposed to be the founding member of a novel family of growth factors with potent biological activities, which may be isolated using SEQ ID NO:2.

10

15

20

25

30

The amphibian organizer consists of several cell populations with region-specific activities. On the basis of morphogenetic movements, three very different cell populations can distinguished in the organizer. First, cells with crawling migration movements involute, fanning out to form the prechordal plate. Second, cells involute through the dorsal lip driven by convergence and extension movements, giving rise to the notochord of the trunk. Third, involution ceases and the continuation of mediolateral intercalation movements leads to posterior extension movements and to the formation of the tail notochord and of the chordoneural hinge. The three cell populations correspond to the head, trunk, and tail organizers, respectively.

The cerberus gene is expressed at the right time and place to participate in cell signalling by Spemann's organizer. Specifically, cerberus is expressed in the head organizing region that consists of crawling-migrating cells. The cerberus expressing region corresponds to the prospective foregut, including the liver and pancreas anlage, and the heart mesoderm.

15

25

30

8

Cerberus expression is activated by chordin, noggin, and organizer-specific homeobox genes.

Our studies were conducted in early embryos of the frog Kenopus laevis. The frog embryo is well suited to experiments, particularly experiments pertaining to generating and maintaining regional differences within the embryo for determining roles in tissue differentiation. It is easy to culture embryos with access to the embryos even at very early stages of development (preceding and during the formation of body pattern and differentiation) and the embryos are large. The initial work with noggin and chordin also had been in Xenopus embryos, and, as predicted, was highly conserved among vertebrates. Predictions based on work with Xenopus as to corresponding human noggin were proven true and the ability to clone the gene for human noggin was readily accomplished. (See the description of Xenopus work and cloning information in PCT application, published March 17, 1994, WO 9 405 800, and the subsequent human cloning based thereon in the PCT application, also published March 17, 1994, as WO 9 405 791.)

#### CLONING

The cloning of cerberus, frzb-1, and PAPC resulted from a comprehensive screen for cDMAs enriched in Spemann's organizer. Subtractive differential screening was performed as follows. In brief, poly A\*RMA was isolated from 300 dorsal lip and ventral marginal zone (VMS) explants at stage 10½. After first strand cDMA synthesis approximately 70-80% of common sequences were removed by substraction with biotinylated VMS poly A\*RMA prepared from 1500 ventral gastrula halves. For differential screening, duplicate filters (2000 plaques per 15 cm plate, a total of 80,000 clones

WO 97/48275 PCT/US97/10942

9

screened) of an unamplified oriented dorsal lip library were hybridized with radiolabeled dorsal lip or VMZ cDNA. Putative organizer-specific clones were isolated, grouped by sequence analysis from the 5' end and whole-mount in situ hybridization, and subsequently classified into known and new dorsal-specific genes. Rescreening of the library (100,000 independent phages) with a cerberus probe resulted in the isolation of 45 additional clones, 31 of which had similar size as the longest one of the 11 original clones indicating that they were presumably full-length cDNAs. The longest cDNAs for cerberus, frzb-1, and PAPC were completely sequenced.

10

To explore the molecular complexity of

Spemann's organizer we performed a comprehensive
differential screen for dorsal-specific cDNAs. The
method was designed to identify abundant cDNAs without
bias as to their function. As shown in Table 1, five
previously known cDNAs and five new ones were isolated,
of which three (expressed as cerberus, frzb-1, and PAPC,
respectively) had secretory signal sequences.

WO 97/48275

15

20

25

30

10

#### TABLE 1

	Previously Known Genes	Gene Product	No. of isolates
	Chordin	novel secreted protein	70
	Goosecold	homeobox gene	. 3
5	Pintallavis/XFIGH-1	forthead/transcription factor	2
	Xnct-2	homeobox gene	1
	Xlim-1	homeobox gane	1
	New Genes		
	Cerberus	novel secreted protein	11
10	PAPC	cacherin-like/transmembrane	2
	Frzb-1	novel secreted protein	1
	Sax-2	sty/transcription factor	1
	Fich-tike	forkhead/transcription factor	1

The most abundant dorsal-specific cDNA was chordin (chd), with 70 independent isolates. The second most abundant cDNA was isolated 11 times and named cerberus (after a mythological guardian dog with multiple heads). The cerberus cDNA encodes a putative secreted polypeptide of 270 amino acids, with an amino terminal hydrophobic signal sequence and a carboxy terminal cysteine-rich region (Fig. 1). Cerberus is expressed specifically in the head organizer region of the Xenopus embryo, including the future foregut.

An abundant mRNA found in the dorsal region of the Xenopus gastrula encodes the novel putative secreted protein we have designated as cerberus. Cerberus mRNA has potent inducing activity in Xenopus embryos, leading to the formation of ectopic heads. Unlike other organizer-specific factors, cerberus does not dorsalize mesoderm and is instead an inhibitor of trunk-tail mesoderm. Cerberus is expressed in the anterior-most

15

20

35

domain of the gastrula including the leading edge of the deep layer of the dorsal lip a region that, as shown here, gives rise to foregut and midgut endoderm. Cerberus promotes the formation of cement gland, olfactory placodes, cyclopic eyes, forebrain, and duplicated heart and liver (a foregut derivative). Because the pancreas is also derived from this foregut region, it is likely that cerberus induces pancreas in addition to liver. The expression pattern and inducing activities of cerberus suggest a role for a previously neglected region of the embryo, the prospective foregut endoderm, in the induction of the anterior head region of the embryo.

Turning to Pig. 1, Xenopus cerberus encodes a putative secreted protein transiently expressed during embryogenesis and the deduced amino acid sequence of Xenopus cerberus is shown. The signal peptide sequence and the nine cysteine residues in the carboxy-terminus are indicated in bold. Potential N-linked glycosylation sites are underlined. In database searches the cerberus protein showed limited similarity only to the mammalian Dan protein, a possible tumor suppressor proposed to be a DNA-binding protein.

Cerberus appears to be a pioneer protein, as
its amino acid sequence and the spacing of its
9 cysteine residues were not significantly similar to
other proteins in the databases (NCBI-Gen Bank release
93.0). We conclude that the second most abundant
dorsal-specific cDNA encodes a novel putative secreted
factor, which should be the founding member of a novel
family of growth factors active in cell differentiation.

<u>Cerberus Demarcates an Anterior Organizer</u> <u>Domain</u>. Cerberus mRNA is expressed at low levels in the unfertilized egg, and zygotic transcripts start accumulating at early gastrula. Expression continues WO 97/48275

5

10

15

20

25

30

during gastrula and early neurula, rapidly declining during neurulation. Importantly, cerberus expression starts about one hour after that of chd, suggesting that cerberus could act downstream of the chd signal.

whole-mount in situ hybridizations reveal that expression starts in the yolky endomesodermal cells located in the deep layer of the organizer. The cerberus domain includes the leading edge of the most anterior organizer cells and extends into the lateral mesoderm. The leading edge gives rise to liver, pancreas, and foregut in its midline, and the more lateral region gives rise to heart mesoderm at later stages of development.

Pig. 2 sets out the sequence of a full length Xenopus cDNA for cerberus.

This entirely new molecule has demonstrated physiological properties that should prove useful in therapeutic, diagnostic, and clinical applications that require regeneration, differentiation, or repair of tissues, such wound repair, neuronal regenerational or transplantation, supplementation of heart muscle differentiation, differentiation of pancreas and liver, and other applications in which cell differentiation processes are to be induced.

The second, novel, secreted protein we have discovered is called "frzb-1," which was shown to be a secreted protein in Xenopus oocyte microinjection experiments. Thus it provides a natural soluble form of the related extracellular domains of Drosophila and vertebrate frizzled proteins. We propose that the latter proteins could be converted into active soluble forms by introducing a stop codon before the first transmembrane domain. We have noted that the cysteine-rich region of frzb-1 and frizzled contains some overall structural homology with Wnt proteins using the Profile

15

20

25

30

35

Search homology program (Gribskov, Meth. Enzymol., 183, pp. 146-159, 1990). This had raised the interesting possibility that frzb-1 could interact directly with Wnt growth factors in the extracellular space. This was because we had found that when microinjected into Yenopus embryos, frzb-1 constructs have moderate dorsalizing activity, leading to the formation of embryos with enlarged brain and head, and shortened truck. Somatic muscle differentiation, which requires Xwnt-8, was inhibited. In the case of frzb-1, an attractive hypothesis, suggested by the structural homologies, was that it may act as an inhibitor of Wht-8, a growth factor that has ventralizing activity in the Menopus embryo (Christian and Moon, Genes Dev., 7, pp. 13-28, 1993). We have shown that frzb-1 can interact with Xwnt-8 and Wnt-1, and it is expected that it could also interact with other members of the Wnt family of growth factors, of which at least 15 members exist in mammals. In addition, a possible interaction with Whits was suggested by the recent discovery that dishevelled, a gene acting downstream of wingless, has strong genetic interaction with frizzled mutants in Drosophila (Krasnow et al., Development, 121, pp. 4095-4102, 1995). This possibility has been explored in depth (Leyns et al., Cell, 88, pp. 747-756, March 21, 1997), because a soluble antagonist of the Wnt family of proteins is expected to be of great therapeutic value. Examples 1 and 2 illustrate tests that show antagonism of Xwnt-8 by binding to frzb-1.

Vertebrate homologues of Prizzled have been isolated and they too are anchored to the cell membrane by seven membrane spanning domains (Wang et al., J. Biol. Chem., 271, pp. 4468-4476, 1996). Przb-1 differs from the frizzled proteins in that it is an entirely soluble, diffusible secreted protein and

30

35

therefore suitable as a therapeutic agent. The nucleotide sequence that when expressed results in frzb-1 protein is illustrated by SEQ ID NO:4.

SEQ ID NO:4 corresponds to the Xenopushomolog, but by using it in BLAST searches (and by cloning mouse frzb-1) we had been able to assemble the sequence of the entire mature human frzb-1 protein, SEQ Indeed, human frzb-l is encoded in six ID NO:9. expressed sequence tags (ESTs) available in Genebank. The human frzb-1 sequence can be assembled by 10 overlapping in the 5' to 3' direction the ESTs with the following accession numbers in Genebank: R63748, W38677, W44760, H38379, and N71244. No function had yet been assigned to these EST sequences, but we 15 believe and thus propose here that human frsb-1 will have similar functions in cell differentiation to those described above for Xenopus frzb-1. The nucleotide sequence of human frzb-1 is shown in SEQ ID NO:10. The mouse frzb-1 protein and nucleotide sequences are provided by SEQ ID NOS:7 and 8, respectively. 20

In particular, we believe that frzb-1 will prove useful in gene therapy of human cancer cells. In this rapidly developing field, one approach is to introduce vectors expressing anti-sense sequences to block expression of dominant ocogenes and growth factor receptors. Another approach is to produce episomal vectors that will replicate in human cells in a controlled fashion without transforming the cells. For an example of the latter (an episomal expression vector system for human gene therapy), reference is made to U.S. Patent 5,624,820, issued April 29, 1997, inventor Cooper.

Gene therapy now includes uses of human tumor suppression genes. For example, U.S. Patent 5,491,064, issued Pebruary 13, 1996, discloses a tumor suppression

25

30

gene localized on chromosome 11 and described as potentially useful for gene therapy in cancers deleted or altered in their expression of that gene. Przb-1 maps to chromosome 2q31-33 and loss of one copy of the 2q31-33 and loss of one copy of the 2q arm has been observed with high incidence in lung carcinomas, colo-rectal carcinomas, and neuroblastomas, which has lead to the proposal that the 2q arm carries a tumor suppressor gene. We expect frzb to be a tumor suppressor gene, and thus to be useful in tumor suppression applications.

A number of applications for cerberus and frzb-1 are suggested from their pharmacological (biological activity) properties.

15 For example, the cerberus and frzb-1 cDNAs should be useful as a diagnostic tool (such as through use of antibodies in assays for proteins in cell lines or use of oligonucleotides as primers in a PCR test to amplify those with sequence similarities to the oligonucleotide primer, and to determine how much of the novel protein is present).

Cerberus, of course, might act upon its target cells via its own receptor. Cerberus, therefore, provides the key to isolate this receptor. Since many receptors mutate to cellular oncogenes, the cerberus receptor should prove useful as a diagnostic probe for certain tumor types. Thus, when one views cerberus as ligand in complexes, then complexes in accordance with the invention include antibody bound to cerberus, antibody bound to peptides derived from cerberus, cerberus bound to its receptor, or peptides derived from cerberus bound to its receptor or other factors. Mutant forms of cerberus, which are either more potent agonists or antagonists, are believed to be clinically useful.

15

20

25

30

35

Such complexes of cerberus and its binding protein partners will find uses in a number of applications.

Practice of this invention includes use of an oligonucleotide construct comprising a sequence coding for cerberus or frzb-1 and for a promoter sequence operatively linked in a mammalian or a viral expression Expression and cloning vectors contain a vector. nucleotide sequence that enables the vector to replicate in one or more selected host cells. Generally, in cloning vectors this sequence is one that enables the to replicate independently of vector the host chromosomes, and includes origins of replication or autonomously replicating sequences. The well-known plasmid pBR322 is suitable for most gram negative bacteria, the 2µ plasmid origin for yeast and various viral origins (SV40, polyoma, adenovirus, VSV or BPV) are useful for cloning vectors in mammalian cells.

Expression and cloning vectors should contain a selection gene, also termed a selectable marker. Typically, this is a gene that encodes a protein necessary for the survival or growth of a host cell transformed with the vector. The presence of this gene ensures that any host cell which deletes the vector will not obtain an advantage in growth or reproduction over transformed hosts. Typical selection genes encode proteins that (a) confer resistance to antibiotics or other toxins, e.g. ampicillin, neomycin, methotrexate or tetracycline, (b) complement auxotrophic deficiencies.

Examples of suitable selectable markers for mammalian cells are dihydrofolate reductase (DEFR) or thymidine kinase. Such markers enable the identification of cells which were competent to take up the cerberus nucleic acid. The mammalian cell transformants are placed under selection pressure which only the transformants are uniquely adapted to survive by virtue

15

25

30

of having taken up the marker. Selection pressure is imposed by culturing the transformants under conditions in which the concentration of selection agent in the medium is successively changed. Amplification is the process by which genes in greater demand for the production of a protein critical for growth are tandem within the reiterated in chromosomes successive generations of recombinant cells. Increased quantities of cerberus or frzb-1 can therefor be synthesized from the amplified DNA.

For example, cells transformed with the DHPR selection gene are first identified by culturing all of the transformants in a culture medium which contains methotrexate (Mtx), a competitive antagonist of DHFR. An appropriate host cell in this case is the Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cell line deficient in DHFR activity, prepared and propagated as described by Urlaub and Chasin, Proc. Nat. Acac. Sci., 77, 4216 (1980). The transformed cells then are exposed to increased levels 20 of Mtx. This leads to the synthesis of multiple copies of the DHFR gene and, concomitantly, multiple copies of other DNA comprising the expression vectors, such as the DNA encoding cerberus or frzb-1. Alternatively, host cells transformed by an expression vector comprising DNA sequences encoding cerberus or frzb-1 and aminoglycoside 3' phosphotransferase (APH) protein can be selected by cell growth in medium containing an aminoglycosidic antibiotic such as kanamycin or neomycin or G418. Because eukaryotic cells do not normally express an endogenous APH activity, genes encoding APH protein, commonly referred to as neo resistant genes, may be used as dominant selectable markers in a wide range of eukaryotic host cells, by which cells transformed by the vector can readily be identified.

15

20

25

30

Expression vectors, unlike cloning vectors, should contain a promoter which is recognized by the host organism and is operably linked to the cerberus nucleic acid. Promoters are untranslated sequences located upstream from the start codon of a structural gene (generally within about 100 to 1000 bp) that control the transcription and translation of nucleic acid under their control. They typically fall into two inducible and constitutive. promoters are promoters that initiate increased levels of transcription from DNA under their control in response to some change in culture conditions, e.g. the presence or absence of a nutrient or a change in temperature. At this time a large number of promoters recognized by a variety of potential host cells are well These promoters can be operably linked to cerberus encoding DNA by removing them from their gene of origin by restriction enzyme digestion, followed by insertion 5' to the start codon for cerberus or frzb-1.

Nucleic acid is operably linked when it is placed into a functional relationship with another nucleic acid sequence. For example, DNA for a presequence or secretory leader is operably linked to DNA for a polypeptide if it is expressed as a preprotein which participates in the secretion of the polypeptide; a promoter or enhancer is operably linked to a coding sequence if it affects the transcription of the sequence; or a ribosome binding site is operably linked to a coding sequence if it is positioned so as to facilitate translation. Generally, operably linked means that the DNA sequences being linked are contiguous and, in the case of a secretory leader, contiguous and in reading phase. Linking is accomplished by ligation at convenient restriction sites. If such sites do not

15

20

25

30

35

exit then synthetic oligonucleotide adapters or linkers are used in accord with conventional practice.

Transcription of the protein-encoding DNA in mammalian host cells is controlled by promoters obtained from the genomes of viruses such as polyoma, cytomegalovirus, adenovirus, retroviruses, hepatitis-B virus, and most preferably Simian Virus 40 (SV40), or from heterologous mammalian promoters, e.g. the actin promoter. Of course, promoters from the host cell or related species also are useful herein.

Cerberus and frzb-1 are clearly useful as a component of culture media for use in culturing cells, such as endodermal, cardiac, and nerve cells, in vitro. We believe cerberus and frzb-1 will find uses as agents for enhancing the survival or inducing the growth of liver, pancreas, heart, and nerve cells, such as in tissue replacement therapy.

The final cDNA isolated containing a signal sequence results in a peptide designated Paraxial Protocadherin (PAPC). The cDNA for PAPC is a divergent member of the cadherin multigene family. PAPC is most related to protocadherin 43 reported by Sano et al., The EMBO J., 12, pp. 2249-2256, 1993. As shown in SEQ ID NO:5, the PAPC gene encodes a transmembrane protein of 896 amino acids, of which 187 are part of an intracellular domain. PAPC is a cell adhesion molecule, and microinjection of PAPC mRNA constructs into Xenopus embryos suggest that PAPC acts in mesoderm differentiation. The nucleotide sequence encoding Xenopus PAPC is provided in SEQ ID NO:6.

Therapeutic formulations of the novel proteins may be prepared for storage by mixing the polypeptides having the desired degree of purity with optional physiologically acceptable carriers, excipients or stabilizers, in the form of lyophilized cake or aqueous

15

20

25

solutions. Acceptable carriers, excipients stabilizers are nontoxic to recipients at the dosages and concentrations employed, and include buffers such as phosphate, citrate, and other organic acids; antioxidants including ascorbic acid; low molecular weight (less than about 10 residues) polypeptides; proteins, such as serum albumin, gelatin or immunoglobulins. Other components can include glycine, blutamine, asparagine, arginine, OT lysine; monosaccharides, and other carbohydrates disaccharides, including glucose, mannose, or dextrins; chelating agents such as EDTA; sugar alcohols such as mannitol or sorbitol; saltforming counterions such as sodium; and/or nonionic surfactants such as Tween, Pluronics or PEG.

Polyclonal antibodies to the novel proteins generally are raised in animals by multiple subcutaneous (sc) or intraperitoneal (ip) injections of cerberus or frzb-1 and an adjuvant. It may be useful to conjugate these proteins or a fragment containing the target amino acid sequence to a protein which is immunogenic in the species to be immunized, e.g., keyhole hemocyanin, serum albumin, bovine thyroglobulin, or soybean trypsin inhibitor using a bifunctional or derivatizing agent, for example, maleimidobenzoyl sulfosuccinimide ester (conjugation through cysteine N-hydroxysuccinimide (through residues), glutaraldehyde, succinic anhydride, SOCl, or  $R^1N = C = NR$ .

Animals can be immunized against the immunogenic conjugates or derivatives by combining 1 mg or 1
µg of conjugate (for rabbits or mice, respectively)
with 3 volumes of Freund's complete adjuvant and
injecting the solution intradermally in multiple sites.
One month later the animals are boosted with 1/5 to 1/10
the original amount of conjugate in Fruend's complete

15

20

25

30

adjuvant by subcutaneous injection at multiple sites. Seven to 14 days later animals are bled and the serum is assayed for anti-cerberus titer. Animals are boosted until the titer plateaus. Preferably, the animal is boosted with the conjugate of the same cerberus or frzb-l polypeptide, but conjugated to a different protein and/or through a different cross-linking agent. Conjugates also can be made in recombinant cell culture as protein fusions. Also, aggregating agents such as alum are used to enhance the immune response.

Monoclonal antibodies are prepared by recovering spleen cells from immunized animals and immortalizing the cells in conventional fashion, e.g. by fusion with myeloma cells or by EB virus transformation and screening for clones expressing the desired antibody.

Antibodies are useful in diagnostic assays for cerberus, frzb-1, or PAPC or their antibodies and to identify family members. In one embodiment of a receptor binding assay, an antibody composition which binds to all of a selected plurality of members of the cerberus family is immobilized on an insoluble matrix, the test sample is contacted with the immobilized antibody composition in order to adsorb all cerberus family members, and then the immobilized family members are contacted with a plurality of antibodies specific for each member, each of the antibodies being individually identifiable as specific for a predetermined family member, as by unique labels such as discrete fluorophores or the like. By determining the presence and/or amount of each unique label, the relative proportion and amount of each family member can be determined.

The antibodies also are useful for the 35 affinity purification of the novel proteins from

10

15

20

25

22

recombinant cell culture or natural sources. Antibodies that do not detectably cross-react with other growth factors can be used to purify the proteins free from these other family members.

#### EXAMPLE 1

#### Przb-1 Antagonizes Ewnt-8 Non-Cell Autonomously

To test whether frzb-1 can antagonize secondary axes caused by Xwnt-8 after secretion by injected cells, an experimental design was used. Thus, frzb-1 mRNA was injected into each of the four animal blastomeres of eight-cell embryos, and subsequently, a single injection of Xwnt-8 mRNA was given to a vegetalventral blastomere at the 16-32 cell stage. independent experiments, we found that injection of frzb-1 alone (n=13) caused mild dorsalization with enlargement of the cement gland in all embryos and that injection of Xwnt-8 alone (n=53) lead to induction of complete secondary axes in 67% of the embryos. However, injection of frzb-1 into animal caps abolished the formation of complete axes induced by Xwnt-8 (n=27), leaving only a residual 14% of embryos with very weak secondary axes. The double-injected embryos retained the enlarged cement gland phenotype caused by injection of frzb-1 mRNA alone. Because both mRNAs encode secreted proteins and were microinjected into different cells, we conclude that the antagonistic effects of frzb-1 and Xwnt-8 took place in the extracellular space after these proteins were secreted.

15

20

25

23

#### EXAMPLE 2

## Membrane-Anchored Wnt-1 Confers Frzb-1 Binding

To investigate a possible interaction between frzb-1 and Wnts, the first step was to insert an HA epitope tag into a Xenopus frzb-1 construct driven by the CMV (cytomegalovirus) promoter. Przbl-HA was tested in mRNA microinjection assays in Xenopus embryos and found to be biologically active. Conditioned medium from transiently transfected cells contained up to 10  $\mu$ g/ml of Przbl-HA (quantitated on Western blots using an HA-tagged protein standard).

Transient transfection of 293 cells has been instrumental in demonstrating interactions between wingless and frizzled proteins. We therefore took advantage of constructs in which Wnt-1 was fused at the amino terminus of CD8, generating a transmembrane protein containing biologically active Wnt-1 exposed to the extracellular compartment. A Wnt1CD8 cDNA construct (a generous gift of Dr. H. Varmus, NIH) was subcloned into the pcDNA (Invitrogen) vector and transfected into 293 cells. After incubation with Frzbl-HA-conditioned medium (overnight at 37°C), intensely labeled cells were observed by immunofluorescence. As a negative control, a construct containing 120 amino acids of Kenopus chordin, an unrelated secreted protein was used. Transfection of this construct produced background binding of Przbl-HA to the extracellular matrix, both uniform and punctate. Cotransfection of Wnt1CD8 with pcDNA-LacZ showed that transfected cells stained positively for Przbl-HA and Lacz. Since WntlCD8 contains the entire CD8 molecule, a CD8 cDNA was used as an additional negative control. After transfection with Lacz and full-length CB8, Przbl-HA failed to bind to the transfected cells. Although most of our experiments

were carried out at 37°C, Przbl-HA-conditioned medium also stained WhilCDB-transfected cells after incubation at 4°C for 2 hours.

Attempts to biochemically quantitate the binding of Przb-1 to Wnt1CD8-transfected cells were unsuccessful due to high background binding to control cultures, presumably due to binding to the extracellular matrix. Thus, we were unable to estimate a  $K_0$  for the affinity of the Przb-1/Wnt-1 interaction. However, when serial dilutions of conditioned medium containing Przb1-HA were performed (ranging from 2.5 x  $10^{-10}$  M), staining of Wnt1CD8-transfected cells was found at all concentrations.

Although we have been unable to provide biochemical evidence for direct binding between Whits and frzb-1, this cell biological assay indicates that Frzb1-HA can bind, directly or indirectly, to Whit-1 on the cell membrane in the 10-10 M range.

It is to be understood that while the invention has been described above in conjunction with preferred specific embodiments, the description and examples are intended to illustrate and not limit the scope of the invention, which is defined by the scope of the appended claims.

#### It is Claimed:

- 1. A substantially pure protein characterized by a physiologically active form and comprising an amino acid sequence encoded by the DNA of SEQ ID NO:2.
- The protein as in claim 1 having neurotrophic, growth or differentiation factor activity.
- 3. A composition comprising the protein of claim 1 and a physiologically acceptable carrier with which the peptide is admixed.
- 4. An oligonucleotide construct comprising a sequence coding for a protein and an expression vector operatively linked therewith, the protein having neurotrophic, growth or differentiation factor activity and being expressible from SEQ ID NO:2.
- 5. The construct as in claim 4 wherein the expression vector is a mammalian or viral expression vector.
- 6. A substantially pure protein characterized by a physiologically active form and comprising an amino acid sequence encoded by the DNA of SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:8, or SEQ ID NO:10.
- The protein as in claim 6 having neurotrophic, growth or differentiation factor activity.
- 8. A composition comprising the protein of claim 6 and a physiologically acceptable carrier with which the protein is admixed.

- 9. An oligonucleotide construct comprising a sequence coding for a protein and an expression vector operatively linked therewith, the protein being expressible from SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:8 or SEQ ID NO:10.
  - 10. The construct as in claim 9 wherein the protein is expressible in soluble form.
  - 11. The construct as in claim 9 wherein the expression vector is a mammalian or viral expression vector.
  - 12. A complex comprising a substantially pure frzb-1 protein complexed with at least one Wnt protein.
  - 13. A substantially pure protein characterized by a physiologically active form and comprising an amino acid sequence encoded by the DNA of SEQ ID NO:6.
  - 14. The protein as in claim 13 having mesoderm differentiation activity.
  - 15. A composition comprising the protein of claim 13 and a physiologically acceptable carrier with which the protein is admixed.

Milnvirici	IVCLVNDGAG	KESEGRERTK	Tyslnsrgyf	40
rkergarrsk	ILLVNTKGLD	<b>EPHIGHGDF</b> G	LVAELFDSTR	80
THTNRKEPDM	NKVKLFSTVA	<b>EGNKEARRKA</b>	<u>Yngs</u> rrnips	12
rrsfdkrnte	VTEKPGAKMP	WNNFLVKMNG	apontsegsk	16
aqeimkeack	TLPFTQNIVH	ENCORMVIQN	NLCFGKCISL	20
HVPNQQDRRN	TCSECLPSRF	TENHLTL <u>NCT</u>	GSKNVVKVVM	24
MVEECTCEAR	KSNFHOTAOF	NMDTSTTLRR		27

Figure 1 SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

GAATTCCCAG CAAGTCGCTC AGAAACACTG CAGG	GTCTAG ATATCATACA ATGTTACTAA 60
CITALOGGIC GITCAGOGAG TOTTTGTGAC GTCC	
ATGENETICAG GATETGENET ATGENETICS TECH	
TACATGAGTC CTAGACATAA TAGCAGRCGG AACA	•
AAGGACGAGA AAGGACAAAA ACATATTCAC TTAA	CAGCAG AGGTTACTTC AGAAAAGAAA 180
TROCTOCTOT TROCTOTTET TGEARALGIG AATN	
GAGGAGCACG TAGGAGCAAG ATTCTGCTGG TGAA	FACTAN AGGICTIGAT GRACOCCACA 240
CTCCTCGTGC ATCCTCGTTC TAAGACGACC ACTT	
TIGGCATOG TGATTITCGC TTAGTAGCTG AACE	ATTTGA TTOCACCAGA ACACATACAA 300
AACCOGTACE ACTAAAAGCG AATCATCGAC TTGA	
ACAGANAAGA GCCAGACATG AACAAAGTCA AGCT	
TOTALITY COGNETICACY TOTALISM TOTAL	
AMETICANG AMERAMAGET TREMATEGYT CEME	AAGGAA TATTTTTOCT CGCCGTTCTT 420
THICACGITC TICTITICGA AIGTRACCAA GAIC	
TTCATARAG ARATACAGAG GTTACTGRAR AGCC	
ANCIAITIC TITATGICIC CRATGACITI TOGG	
TTTTGGTTAA AATGAATGGA GCCCCACAGA ATAC	
AAAACCAATT TTACTTACCT CGGGGTGTCT TATG	
TANTGANGA AGCTTGCANA ACCTTGTTTT TCAC	icagaa tatigiacai gaaaactgig 600
ATTACTTICT TOGARCETTT TGGARCAAAA AGTG	
ACAGGATGET GATACAGAAC AATCTGTGCT TTGG	TAAATG CATCTCTCTC CATGTTCCAA 660
TGTCCTACCA CTATGTCTTG TTAGACACCA AACC	
ATCAGCAMGA TOGROGADAT ACTTGTTCCC ATTG	CTIGOC GTCCAAATIT ACCTGAACC 720
TAGTOSTICT AGCIGCITEA TEMACANGOG TAAC	
ACCTEMENT GRATTETACT GGATCHAGA ATES	AGIAAA GGTTGTCATG ATGGTAGAGG 780
TOGACTGOGA CTEANCATGA CCEAGATTCT EACA	
ARTICACITE TERRECTORT ANGRECANCY TOCA	CCALLC TECHCAGTTY ARCHITECATA 840
THACGRECAC ACTROPAGEA TICKOGTEGA AGGE	
CATCHACTAC CCTGCACCAT TANAGGACTG CCAT	ACAGTA TEGAAATECC CTTTTGTTGG 900
GIAGATGATG GGACGTGGTA AFTTCCTCAC GGTA	•
ANTASTIGIT ACATACHAG CASCHARGE ATM	TETTEC CITCIATITC ATATAACCAC 960
TEATANACAA TOTATGATAC GIAGATITCG TAAT	
ATGGATAAG GATTGTATGA ATTATAATTA ACAI	AIGGCA TITIGIGIAA CAIGCAAGAI 1020
INCCITATIC CINACAPACI TARRATARI TOTI	TRUCKT ANANCACATT GTACGTTCEA

Figure 2A

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

CICICITOCA	TCAGTTGCAA AGTCAACGTT	CTATTTTCCG	areatticte Textaracka	TGACTTTTT ACTGAAAAAA	TCTACARANT AGATGTTTTA	1080
CITATGGGTT	ATATATGATA TATATACEAT	acatalizacoc actalizacoc	GTCARAACTG CAGTTTTGAC	TTAMEGOGTA AATTCCCCAT	ATGTAATAAT TACATTATTA	1140
AGGGACTARG	TTTGCCCAGG	AGCAGTGACC	CATALCAACC	AATCAGCAGG	Patgattiac	1200
TOCCTGATTC	AAACGGGTCC	TOSTCACTGG	GTATTGTTGG	TTAGTCGTCC	Atactaratg	
TOSTCACCTG	TTTAAAAGCA	Aacatottat	TGGTTGCTAT	GGGTTACTGC	PACHECCOSTI	1260
ACCAGTGGAC	AAATTTTCGT	Tigiagaata	ACCAACGATA	CCCAATGACG	PACHECCOSTI	
AATGTGTGCC	TCATAGGGGG	Chaicacaca	tetetactea	ataaatigta	TTTATTTCAT	1320
TEACACACGG	AGTATCCCCC	Carcacaca	Acacateact	Tatttaacat	ABATABAGTA	
TCTTACAAAA ACAATGTTTT		•				

Figure 2B

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SKTRUKV	DSL	LUAIPGUAL	LLLPNAYCAS	CEPVRIPHCK	SHAMMANA	NHLHH5TQAH	60
MILATEO	Peg	LLTTECSODL	LFPLCANTAP	ICTIDIQUEP	IRPCREVCER	ARAGCEPILI	120
CYPLETWR	BSL	ACEELPVYDR	GVCISPEAIV	TVEQGTDSHP	DPSMDSNINGH	CGSGREECEC	180
PHEAT	KTY	LORYNYVIR	<b>VEAKEARARC</b>	HDATAIVEVK	etlæssivni	PROTVTLITH	240
SCCLCPO	LVA	NEEYIINGYE	DEERTRILLLY	egslaenwrd	RLAKKVERGD	QRIBRPRESK	300
PVAPIP	MED	Snergare					

Figure 3

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

CHATTOCCTT	TCACACAGGA	CTCCTGGCAG	AGGTGAATGS	TEAGCCCTAT	CCIANACCIA	60
•					. •	
1611691111	GACACATGAT	107110CIII	CAGATAGGAT	TGNAGGACTT	<b>GGATTTTTAT</b>	120
ACARCTANA	CHEROLICEA	ACTAACGAAA	GICTATCCTA	ACTTOCTGAA	CCTAAAAATA	
CTAATICIGC	ACTITIANAT	TATCTGAGTA	ATTOTTCATT	TTGTATTGGA	TOGGACTARA	180
GATTANGACG	TGAAAATTTA	ATAGACTCAT	TANCALGERA	AACATAACCT	ACCCTGATTT	100
GATANACTTA	ACTOCTTGCT	TITGACITGC	CCATALACTA	TAAGGTGGGG	TCACTTCTAC	240
CIATITEMAT	TENGENACEA	MANCEGANCE	GCTATTCAT	ATTCCACCCC	ACTCAACATC	240
TIGCITTIAC	ATGTGCCCAG	ATTITOCCEG	TATTOCCEGE	ATTOCCTORA	*****	-
AACGAAAATG	TACACGGGTC	TANANGGCAC	ataagggaca	TARGGGAGAT	TTCATTCGGA	300
ACACATACAG	GTTGGGCAGA	ATRACANTET	CTCCARCARC	GILLETCOLC	901	
TETETATETC	CRACOCGICI	TATIGITACA	CACCATICATE	CHARLECTE	TOUT THE TOUT OF	360
		•				
TACTOGCCAT	ACCTGGACTG	GOGCTTCTCT	TATTACCCAA	TOCTE COOP	CCTTCCCCCC	420
atgreegeta	TGGACCTGAC	CCCCAACACA	ATANTOGGTT	ACGRATGACA	CEFFCCFUT	420
<b>MCCLCLCCC</b>	CATCCCCATG	TGCARATCEA	TECCATEGAA	CATGACCAAG	ATGCCCAACC	480
TOGGACACGC	CTAGGGGTAC	<b>VOCLLEVOYL</b>	ACGGEACCET	GYACTGGTTC	TACGGGTTGG	400
ATCTCCACCA	CAGCACTCAA	GCCARTGCCA	TOCTOCCART	TC22C2C	C110000000	
TÜGNEGTGET	CICCICHCIA	COGTEACGGT	MGGACCGTTA	actigicana	CTTCCARACG	540
TENCENCTEA	ATGTAGCCAG	CACCITITET	TCTTTCTCTC	accoraces a	~~~~	
ACTEGTEACT	TACATOGGTC	CTGGAAAACA	AGARAGACAC	ACGGTACATA	CGCGGGTAAA	600
GTACCATOGA	TTTCCAGCAT	GLACCAATTA	ACCOMMONA	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	C11100000	
CATGGTAGCT	AAAGGTOGTA	CTRESTANT	SACCH POCKE		GARAGGGCCA	660
•						
GGGGGGGGGG	TGAGCCCATT	CICATALLET	ACCEPTION	TTGGCCAGAG	<b>AGCCTGGCAT</b>	720
	ACTOGGETAA	•				•
<b>ETGANGAGCT</b>	CCCCCTATAT	<b>EYCYGYGGYG</b>	TCTGCATCTC	CCCAGAGGCT	ATCGTCACAG	780
CACTICIOGA	CEGGCATATA	CIGICICEC	agacotagag	CCCTCTCCCA	PAGCAGRETC	
regraciace	AACAGATTCA	atgccagact	TCTCCATGGA	TTCALACAAT	CCARATTCCC	840
ACCTIGITOC	TIGICIAGE	TACGGTCTCA	AGAGGTACCT	ANCTITUTEA	CCTTTARCEC	
CANCOCCUC	GCAGCACTGT	ANATOCANOC	CCATGAAGGC	MICCOMMA	ACGTATOTCA	900
CTTOSCOSTC	CUTOGREACA	TTTACGTTCG	GELYCIACOC.	TIGGGTTITC	TCCATAGAGT	500
<b>MENATRATE</b>	CAATTATGTA	ATCAGAGCAA	METGANICA	OCTGANACTO	ANATOMA	960
TCTTATTAAT	GTTAATACAT	PAGICICGII	TICACITICS	CCACTTTCAC	TITACCORCE	300
ACCCANCAGE	aattotogaa	GTANACGNEA	TTCTCALGTC	TTCCCTAGTG	AACATTOOTA	1020
recenteres	TTAACACCTT	CATTECCTCT	Angrettche	AAGGGATCAC	TTGTAAGGAT	

# Figure 4A

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

ANGREDICAGE CHENCEGARE ACCURETELS OCCUPANTED COORDINGS OF STREET	1080
TICIGIGICA CIGIGACAIG IGGITGAGIC CGACGAACAC GGGGGTOGAA CAACGGTTAC	
AGGNATACAT ANTINEGGC TATGRAGACA AMERICOSTAC CAGGCTTCTA CTAGTGGRAG	1140
TOCTIATETA THATACOCC ATACTICIET TICTOSCAIG GTOCGAAGRI GASCACCITC	
GATCCTTGGC CGAAAAATGG AGAGATCGTC TTGCTAAGAA AGTCAAGCGC TGGGATCAAA	1200
CTAGGARCEG GCTTTTTACC TCTCTAGCAG AACGATTCTT TCAGTTCGCG ACCCTAGTTT	
AGCTTOGROG TOOCREGARA AGCRANGROC COGTGGCTCC ARTTOCCRAC ARRANGEGCA	1260
TOGALOCTIC AGGGTCCTTT TOGTTTCTOG GGCACCGAGG TEALGGGTTG TTTTTGTCGT	
ATTOCHERCA ACCEPTAGE TAGACTANCE GARAGETETA TOGARACTET ATGGRETITE	1320
TANGGTOTGT TOGOGCATCA ATCTGATTGC CTTTCCACAT ACCTTGAGA TACCTGAAAC	
AAACTAAGAT TTGCATTGTT GGAAGAGCAA AAAAGAAATT GCACTACAGC ACGTTATATT	1380
TITGATICTA AACGTAACAA CCTTCTCGTT TTTTCTTTAA CGTGATGTCG TGCAATATAA	•
CTATIGTTEA CTACAAGAAG CIGGITTAGT TGATTGTAGT TCTCCTTTCC TTCTTTTTTT	1440
GATACAARI GATGITCITC GACCARATCA ACTARCATCA AGAGGAARGG AAGAARARA	
THATAACIAI ATTTGCACGT GTTCCCAGGC AATTGTTTA TYCAACITCC AGTGACAGAG	1500
AATATIGATA TAAAOGIGCA CAAGGGICCG TTAACAAAAT AAGTIGAAGG TCACIGICIC	
CHETCHCIEN ATCICTCHCC CTANAGAMCC TCALTTCATT TCTGATCAMC TARTGGTGAC	1560
GTCACTGACT TACAGAGTCG GATTICTTCG AGTTALGTAA AGACTAGTTG ATTACCACTG	
ANGIGITICA TACTIGGGGA ANGIGALCIA AFTECHATGG TARATCAGAG ANARGTICAC	1620
TTCACABACT ATGAACCOCT TTCACTTGAT TAACGYTTACC ATTTAGTCTC TTTTCAACTG	
CARIGITECT TITCCIGING AIGANCIAGI GAGAGRICAC ATTRAATGA TGATCACTIT	1680
STEACHAGE ANAGERCATC TACTTGTTCA CTCTCTAGTG TANATTTACT ACTAGTGRAN	
CCATTANEA CITTCAGCAG TITTAGTING ATGACATGTA GGATGCACCT ANATCEANAT	1740
GGTAAATTAT GRAAGTCSTC AARATCAATC TACTGTACAT CCTACGTGGA TTTAGATTTA	
ATTERICAL ARAGEMENT CIGETERES CIGETATEGIC ACTORIGGES AGGIANATIC	1800
TANANTAGEA THEACTICE GROCAMATCE GROCATACONG TGROADCOUT ECCATTRACG	
CTACITYTETC ARTICISTIT TARRANTIGC CIRARIANS ATTRACTOCT ARRENAMA	1860
GATGALACAG TEAMGACALA ATTYTEAMOG GATTEATTEA TAATTCAGGA TETATTETT	
AAAAAAAA AAAA	

Figure 4B SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

HIAA	& KALPH	PUTCHANGE	DCKINGAAID	EEEPPGTVLA	VLSQRSIPHT	TOIPATHFRL	60
MRQF	nnslig	VRESDOGLSI	MERIDREQIC	ROSLECHIAL	DVVSPSEGEP	KLLNVKVEVR	120
DIN	<b>AZPHYP</b>	<b>SETMHARASS</b>	<b>ESSVGTRIPL</b>	BIAIDEDVGS	nelonloten	Mensidall	180
RADG	VKYADL	VLKRELDREI	<b>OPTYINELLA</b>	PEGGVPSLSG	TAVVNIRVLD	PHONSPVPER	240
67IA	ADTAED	aplcylliel	Batdodegvn	CEIVICPSTL	asobvrolpk	INSRIGSVIL	300
eggy	DFETRQ	TYEFEVQAQD	LGPHPLIATC	KVTVEILDVN	DNTPAITITP	LTTVNIAGVAY	360
ipet	atkenp	IALISTEDRA	SCSRIGGVRCT	LYGHEHPKLO	QAYEDSYMIV	Tistldreni	420
laye	iavvae	DIGPPELATE	KYYTVEVEDE	MONAPOPERP	QYBASILEMI	APGSTITTVI	480
ARDS	DSDQNG	KVNYRLVDAK	VHGOSLATEV	SLDADSGVLR	avrsidyerl	Koldpetera	540
DHGI	Polstr	VQLMLRIVDQ	MINCEALLES	LIMMGSGEVL	LPISAPONTL	VFQLKAEDSD	600
PGHN	Squett	TLROPSRLFA	Inkescevpl	KKQLNSDRSE	DLSTVVAVYD	LGRPSLSTHA	660
IVKE	TLTDSF	Denaeaaito	PSAEEQHQID	HSIIPIAVLA	GÇCALLILIAI	FFVACTCKKK	720
nger	ROVPEQ	egtcheerll	STPSPQSV88	STEGSESCOF.	SINTESENCE	ASSECTED BOSSA	780
rgik	esisvp	Syrtsgurid	HCANSISCES	ENGHISTRVQ	Wakeivtent	VTLILVENOK	840
RRAL	SSQCRE	KPVLNTQMNQ	QGSDMPITIS	ATESTRUCKH	GTAHCHRIKRA	IDCLTL	

Figure 5
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (HULE 26)

CALIFORNIA MENTENNI	CTC CTTGAGATTG	TTTTALATEA	CTCCACCECE	0011001	
CTIAAGGGTC TCEACTT	ENG GARCECTARC	11117	CICCOMICI	GENERALIC	60
			WHICH TOURS	CCTTCCTAAG	
ACATTGCCAC ACTGTTTC	CTA GCCATGAAAA	*******			
TETALOGGIG TEACHAL	EAT COSTACTOR	MACTOCHEMIA	TICHALITIG	TITITIGUIGC	120
		* remotitue	WICH LEADING	AAAAACCACG	
ARCTTICATE CTTCANG		-		_	•
AACTITEATI CTICAAGI	no ciecticici	TCAGAGCCAT	TCCAATGCTG	CTGTTGGGAC	180
TTGRANCIAN GRAGITCI		<b>MITCICECTA</b>	AGGTTACGAC	GACAACCCTG	
TEATGETTON ACARAGE	·				
TGATGGTTTT ACARACAG	TO TOTOLARITO	CCCASTACTA	CATAGRICAL	CANCOUR	240
ACTACCAAAA TGTTTGTC	JU MUNICITIAN	GOGTCATGAT	CIVICIACIL	CTICITOGGG	
CTGGCACTGT AATTGCAG	NG TIGICACAAC	ACTOCATATT	TAACACTACA	GATATACCIC	300
GROOGTGACA TTAROGTO	ac arcagigitig	TGAGGTATAL	ATTGTGATGT	CEATATGCAC	
CAACCAATTI COGTCTAA	rig angcantita	ATAATTOCCT	TATOGGAGTO	CCTCACACTC	360
GTTGGTTAAA GGCAGATT	iac tecceptabat	TATTANGCGA	ATAGCCTCAG	GCACTCTCAC	
ATGGGCAGCT GAGCATCA	ltg eaglocatte	ACCEGGRAGER	AATCTGCAGG	CACTOCOGO	420
PACCETOGA CTOGTAGT	DAC CTCTCCTARC	TEGCOCTOGT	TTAGACGTCC	GTCRGCCRAC	720
ACTECNACCT GGCTTTGG	AT GEGETCHOCT	TTTCCAAAGG	ACACTTCANG	CTTCTCNACC	400
GACGITGGA CCGAAACC	TA CACCAGROGA	AMAGGTTTCC	TGTGARGTTC	CIICICECCO	480
rgaaactega egygagag	AC ATTANTERCE	ATAGOOGO	CTTTCC	<b>6133553566</b>	
ACTITICACCI CCACTOTO	TG TAATTACTEG	73.7700003.07	CTTTCCCUTT	CHARICC	540
			ANNING TO	CITTATTADG .	
ATCTCCAGGY GTCTCAAA	GT TOCTOTOR	CCLCCLCCLC			
PACACCICCA CAGACITI	CA AGGAGACAC	CCACCACCAC	100111MMA	ATTGCAATAG	600
		COLOGICAL	MUCHANICIT	IMPORTATE	
ATGRAGATGT TGGGTCCA	AC TOTAL	10000000			
factictaca acceange	TG IGGTICCOM	ACTITIONAL PROPERTY.	CTCMAATAAT	AGCCACTICA	660
	TO MORTHWEST	TGRANGICIA	CAGITTATEA	Toggtgaagt	
CATTCATCE COMMANDE	C1				
CATTGATGT GCTALOCA	DE CONCRIGE	TGALATATCC	AGATTERGTC	Tentropere	720
GEALCTACA CGATTGGT	CL COLCENOCOC	ACTITATACG	TCTAAATCAG	MITACICIC	
					•
ACTOCACAG GGRAATOC	ag CCANCATACA	Taligerect	ACTAGCAATG	CATCCCCCTC	780
TEACCIGIC CCTTTAGE	ac eclicitatel	ATTACCTOGA	TGATCGTTAC	CTACCCCCAC	,,,,
PACCATCACT ATCTGGTA	ct ecyelectry	ACATOCCACT	CCTCGACTTT	ANTGREALCA	840
ltggtagtga tagaccat	CA OCTCACCAAT	TETAGGCTCA	GGACCTGAAA	TEACTATECT	•••
CCCAGTGTT TGAGAGAA	ec accattects	TOGACCTAGE	AGAGGATGCT	CCTCTGGGAT	900
GOCTCACAA ACTCTCTT	OG TOGTANOCHE	ACCTOGRACA	TCTCCTACGA	GGAGACCCTA	700
ACCITITETT GEAGTIAC	AT GCTACTGACG	ATGATGRAGG	AGTGAATGGA	CANATECTT	960
regialiacia octorate	TA CENTEACTOC	TACTACTTCC	TCACTTACCT	CTTTANCALA	300
ATGENTICAE CACTITIGO	CA TCTCAAGACG	TACGTCAGCT	ATTTAAAATT	Alternaces	1000
ACCTANGIC GIGARACO	OF MERCENNESS	100010000			1020

Figure 6A SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

CHOCCAGRET TACTOTICAL COCCALCTIC ATTITCACAC CARCACTACT TACCALITY CACCETCACA ATCACALACTE COCCTICAAC TAAAACTCTC CITCCTCTCA ATCCTTAAAC	1080
AGGIACANGE CCAAGAFFTG GGCCCCAACE CACTGACTGE TACTTGTAAA GTAACTGTTC TCCATGTTCG GGTTCTAAAC CCGGGGTTGG GTGACTGACG ATGAACATTT CATTGACAAG	1140
ATATACTICA TOTALAIGAT AATACCCCAG CCATCACTAT TACCCCTCTG ACTACTGTAA TATACGAACT ACATTEACIA TTATGGGGCTC GGTAGTGATA ATGGGGCAGAC TGATGACATT	1200
ATGCAGGAGT TGCCTATATT CCAGAAACAG CCACAAAGGA GAACTITATA GCTCTGAACA TACGTCCTCA ACGGATATAA GGTCTTTGTC GGTGTTTCCT CTTGAAATAT CGAGACTAGT	1260
GCACTACTGA CAGAGCCTCT GGATCTAATG GACAAGTTGG CTGTACTCTT TATGGACATG CGTGATGACT GTCTCGGAGA CCTAGATTAC CTGTTCTAGC GACATGAGAA ATACCTGTAC	1320
AGCACTITAA ACTACAGCAA GCTTATGAGG ACAGTTACAI GATAGTTACC ACCICTACTI TCGTGAAATT IGATGTCGTT CGAATACTCC TGTCAATGTA CTATCAATGG TGGAGATGAA	1380
TAGACAGOGA AAACAIAGCA GOGTACTCTT TGACAGTAGT TGCAGAAGAC CTTGGCTTCC ATCTGTCCCT TTTGTATCGT CGCATGAGAA ACTGTCATCA ACGTCTTCTG GAACCGAAGG	1440
CCTCATIGNA GACCAMANG TACTACACAG TCANGGITAG TGATGAGAAT GACAATGCAC GGAGTAACTT CTGGTTTTTC ATGATGTGTC AGTTCCAATC ACTACTCTTA CTGTTACGTG	1500
CIGIATTIC TARACCOCAG TATGANGCIT CTATTCTGGA ANATAATGCT CCAGGCTCTT GACATANAAG ATTTGGGGTC ATACTTCGAA GATAAGACCT TITATTACGA GGTCCGAGAA	1560
ATATANCTAC AGTGATAGOC AGAGACTOTG ATAGTGATCA AAATGGCAAA GTAAATTACA TATATTGATG TOACTATOGG TOTOTGAGAC TATCACTAGT TITACOGTTT CATTIAATGT	1620
CHCITCHCCA TOCARAGE ATCCCCCCTCA CACTARCAC ATTTCTTTCT CTTCARCCCC CTGARCACCT ACCTTTCAC TACCCCGTCA GTGATTCTTG TAARCAARGA GAACTACCCC	1680
ACTOTOGRET ATTGRERECT STYRESTOTT TREACTRIER ARRESTMAN CARCTGRETT TERGRECTER TRACTCTOGR CRATECEGER ATCTGRENCT TYTTGRATTT STYRESCEIR	1,740
TIGHALITER RECTOCRERC ARTEGERICS CICRACICIC CACHOSOSTI CRACIARRIC RECTIFIRACI TOCRCOTCIG TIRCOCTRES CRETTERERS CICRECOCRA STIGRITING	1800
TCHERAIRGI TCATCARART GATRATIGCC CTGTGRIARC TRATCCTCTT CTTRATARIC AGTCTTATCA ACTAGTTTEA CTATTRACGG GACRCTATTG ATTRGGRGRA GRATTATIAC	1860
GCTCGGGTGA AGTTCTGCTT CCCATCAGCG CTCCTCAAAA CTATTTAGTT TTCCAGCTCA CGAGCCCACT TCAAGACGAA GGGTAGTCGC GAGCAGTTTT GATALATCAA AAGGTCGAGT	1920
AAGCOCAGGA TICAGAIGAA GGGCACAACI COCAGCIGII CIAIMOCAIA CIGAGAGAIC TICOGCIOCI AAGICIACII COCGIGIIGA GGGTCOACAA GAIAIGGIAI GACICICITAG	1980
CANCERGATE GETTOCCAPE ANCARAGARA GEGGEGRAGE GETCCEGRAR ARRCHATERA GETCGECERA CARACGGERA TEGETECTET CACCACTICA CARGGACTET TEEGTERATE	2040
ACTOTERICA TYCREREGAC TYGRECATAG TAGTTECHET GTATERICTEG GERMERCOTT TERRITOGET ARGTOTOCTEG ARCTOGTATO ATCAROSTOR CRINCTEGRAC COTTOTEGRA	2100
CATTATOCAC CRATGCTACA GTERNATTCA TOCTCACOGA CTCTTTTCCT TCTARCGTTG GTRATAGGTG GTEROGRIGT CRATTTRAGT AGGREGOCT GAGRARAGGR AGRITGCRAC	2160

Figure 6B SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

THE ACCULANT	exposition analysis	acaceteric acaceteric	AGCAGCACCA TOGTCGTGGT	CENCULARG CENCULARGE	TCCATTATAT LGCPALTATA	2220
TCATTGCAGT AGTAACGTCA	OCTOCCTOCT CGACCGACCA	CCYVCVOCYV	TGCTACTTTT ACGATGAAAA	GCCCATCTTT CCGGTAGAAA	TITOTOGOCT AAACACCGGA	2280
CATGAACATT	AAAGAAAGCT TTTCTTTCGA	GGTGAATTA CCACTTAAAT	AGCAGGTACC TOGTCCAPGG	TGAACAACAC ACTTGTTGTG	GCAACATGCA CCTTGTACGT	2340
EXCERCITEC	GGACAATTOS	TGGGGTAGAG	GGGTCAGCCA	CICTICITC! GAGAAGAAGA	AACAGAGTCA	2400
GACTCAGTAC	GGTTGAGAGG	TAGTTATGAC	TEAGACTCTT	TTGCAGOGTG AACGTCGCAC	AGGAGATTGG	2460
TICICGICGI	AGTCGTTTGT	CCGTATTICG	Tenggthere	etaccatci Acatggtaga	<b>ATACTETETA</b>	2520
CTGGTTGGCA	CCTGGACAAT GGACCTGTTA	TGTGCAATGA ACACGTTACT	GCATAGEGG CGTATTCACC	ACATTCTCAC TCTAAGAGTG	ATGGGGCACA TACCCCGTGT	2580
TEAGTACAAA AATCATGTTT	OCTACACTOS CCATOTCACC	CCALAGEAGA COTTTCCTCT	TAGTGACTTC ATCACTGAAG	AATGACAGTG TTACTGTCAC	actorgatac Tergactate	2640
TAGTGGAGAA ATCACCTCTT	TCAGAAAAGA AGTCTTTTCT	AGRGCATTGA TCTCGRAACT	GCAGOCAATG CETCGETTAC	CAGGCACAAG GTCCGTGTTC	CCRGTGCTCA GGTCACGAGT	2700
atacacagat Taigtgtcta	Canadage Catage	GGTTCCGACA CCAAGGCTGT	TGCCGATAAC ACGGCTATTG	TATTTCAGCC ATRAAGTCGG	ACCGRATCRA TGGCTTAGTT	2760
CAAGGGTCCA	GRARATGOGA CTTTTROCCT	actgeacatt Tgaegtgtaa	GCARIATGAA CGTTATACTT	Alggetata TTCCCGAFAT	GACTGTCTTA CTGACAGAAT	2820
CICTOTAGCI	octotatatt Geacatataa	acartaceta Tettategat	CCATGCAAGA GGTACGTTCT	ATGCCTAACC TACGGATTGG	TGCACATACC ACCTGTATGG	2880
CTTGGTATGG	CITACACACE CITACACACE	CHATALIGGI CHATALIGGI	PATCALIART AIRGITATTA	CCTGTTGCTA	Arcegargea Tagoctacet	<b>2940</b>
COCCETATA	CALAGAGATT CTTTCTCTAA	ATCHETTETC ATCHETTETC	AMSTSCAMOS TTCMOSTTGC	TPATCTCCCC	agagatogtc Tctctagcag	3000
TAGCAGATAC ATOGTCTATG	Cargaatica Gitcitangi	ATTACAGTOC TAATGTCAGG	CCACATATCA CGTCTATAGT	ACACACCTEC TCTGTCGAAG	atocticaga Taggaagict	3060
AATTOCTACA TTAACGATGT	acctitiaat Togaaaatta	CATEMOGCAT GEARTCOGEA	CCANCIGAGA CCTTCACTCT	ATGCACAAAG TACGTGTTTC	CCAACTCCTT CCTTCACGAA	3120
TAGCATGAAA ATCGTACTTT	GCTAAATATA CGATTTATAT	TGGAGTCTCC ACCTCAGAGG	CCTTTCCCTC	TGATGGATGG ACTACCTACC	eggengacac CCCCTCTGTG	3180
AGGACAGTGC TOCTGTCACG	ataratric Trittatric	ACCTGCTITC TOGACGAAAG	TATTTGCATT ATARACGTAA	TCACTTGGGA AGTGAACOCT	attitiigti Taaaaaacaa	3240
TTTTTTACAT AAAAAATGTA	TITTATITA AAAAATAAAT	OCTGAATTGA GGACTTAACT	. Atgigacatt Tacactgiaa	GTCCTGTCAC CAGGACAGTG	CTARCTAGCA GATTGATCGT	3300

Figure 6C SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

ATTALATICA CAGACCTACA GECALATATT TEAGGGCCCC TEALACAGCA CARCAGTCAG TALTTRAGGI GICTGGATGI CAGITTATAA ACTOCCGGGG ACTITIGICGI GIAGICAGIC	3360 .
GROCTARAST GEOCITTITA CTITIROCAS CTOCTOGETO TECCCIOTET STEARCASC CTGCATTICA COGGRARARY GRARATOGIC GROGRACOCAS ACOGGRACA CARTIROTOG	3420
COCTOGETCAA GEOCTGAGEA GGATCATGOC GETTTTATAT GCATCTCACC TACTTTGGAC GGGACCAGTT CAGGACTCAT CCTAGEACCG CAAAAATATA CGTAGAGTGG ATGAAACCTG	3480
GREATTIACA CAIAATROCA AACOCTTOCT TTCAGTGAAG TCTGTGTTGT ATATATTCTG CACTARATGT GTATTATCCT TTGCGAACCA AAGTCACTTC AGACACAACA TATATAAGAC	3540
TTATATACAC GCATTITOTG TITGTGTATA TATTICAAGT CCATTCAGAT ATGTGTATAT AATATATGTG CGTAAAACAC AAACACATAT ATAAAGTTCA GGTAAGTCTA TACACATATA	3600
AGTGCAGACC TIGIAAATTA AATATTCIGA TACTITITCC TCAATAAATA TITAAAT TCACGTCIGG AACATTTAAT TYAIAAGACI ATGAAAAAGG AGTTATTTAT AAATTTA	

Figure 6D SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

HACCOLOREIT	LOWAGILLVLA	ALC:LQV9QA	QAAACEPVRI	PLCKSLPWIN	TROPNILLIES	60
TQANAILAMB	<b>QPEGLLOTHC</b>	SPOLLPPICA	Myapictide	QHEPIKPCKS	VCERARQGCE	120
PILIKYRESW	PESLACDELP	VYDRGVCISP	BAIVTADGAD	PPHDSSTGHC	RGASSERCEC	180
KPVRATQKTY	PRINTNYVIR	AKVKEVKNIKC	HDVTAVVEVK	BILKASLVNI	PRDTVNLYTT	240
SOCILEPPLIEV	NEBYVINGYB	DEFRERLIAV	<b>EGSTAERWICD</b>	RLGECKVKRMD	MRLRHIGIGK	300
TDAEDSTORQ	Kegrnenprp	ARS.				

Figure 7 SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

AAGCCTGGGA CCATGGTCTG CTGCGGCCCG GGACGGATGC TGCTAGGATG GGCCGGGTTG	60
TTOGGACCCT GOTACCAGAC GACGCCGGGC CCTGCCTACG ACGATCCTAC CCGCCCCAAC	
CHAGICCIGG CIGCICICIG CCIGCICCAD GIGCCCGGAG CICAGGCIGC AGCCIGIGAG	120
CATCAGGACC CACGAGAGAC CCACGAGGTC CACGGGCCTC CAGTCCGACG TCGGACACTC	
0000110010	180
CCTGTCCGCA TCCCGCTGTG CAAGTCCCTT CCCTGGAACA TGACCAAGAT GCCCAACCAC	100
GGACAGGCGT AGGGCGACAC GTTCAGGGAA GGGACCTTGT ACTGGTTCTA CGGGTTGGTG	
CTOCACCACA GCACCCAGGC TAACGCCATC CTGGCCATGG AACAGTTCGA AGGGCTGCTG	240
CACCTOTOT COTOGOTCC ATTOCOUTAG GACCGGTACC TTOTCAAGCT TCCCGACGAC	
CHUMOTOF COMMITTEE ALLEGATION CONTROL COMMITTEE COMMITTE	
GOCACCCACT GCAGCCCGGA TCTTCTCTTC TTCCTCTGTG CAATGTACGC ACCCATTTGC	300
CCGTGGGTGA CGTCGGGCCT AGAAGAGAAG AAGGAGACAC GTTACATGCG TGGGTAAACG	
ACCATCOACT TOCAGCACGA GCCCATCAAG CCCTGCAAGT CTGTGTGTGA GCGCGCCCGA	360
TGGTAGCTGA AGGTCGTGCT CGGGTAGTTC GGGACGTTCA GACACACACT CGCGCGGGCT	
	400
CASSSCROCG ASCCCATTCT CATCAASTAC CSCCACTCST GGCCGGAAAG CYTGGCCTGC	420
STCCCSACGC TODGSTAAGA GTAGTTCATG GCGGTGAGCA CCGGCCTTTC GAACCGGACG	
	480
CACCIACTEC COOPETACGA COGCGGGGTG TOCATETETE CTCAGGGCCAT COTCACCGCG	400
CTECTCEACE CCCACATECT GEOGCOCCAC ACOTACACAG CACTCCGOTA CCACTGGCGC	
GACGGAGCGG ATTITICCTAT GGATTCAAGT ACTGGACACT GCAGAGGGGC AAGCAGCGAA	540
CIGCUTGCC TRANAGERIA CCTAAGITCA TGACCTUTGA CONCTCCCCG TTCGTCGCTT	
CIGCILIZE TARABGATA CLIMANITA IGACCIGISM CONTINUE	
COTTOCARAT OTRAGOCTOT CAMAGETACA CAGRAGACCT ATTTCCGGRA CARTERCARC	600
GCAACGITTA CATTCGGACA GICTCGATGI GICTICTGGA TAAAGGCCIT GITAATGTTG	
TATOTCATCC GOCCTAAAGT TAAAGAGGTA AAGATGAAAT GTCATGATGT GACCGCCGTT	660
ATRICAGINGS COCCAPITICA ATTICTCCAT TICTACTITA CAGIACTACA CIGGOGGCAA	
	720
GTGGAAGTGA AGGAAATTCT AAAGGCATCA CTGGTAAACA TTCCAAGGGA CACCGTCAAT	720
CACCITCACT TECTTERAGA THTEOGRAPH GACCATHIST AMOSPICECT GIGGENSTEA	
TRANSPORTER CONTRACTOR MANAGEMENT AND MANAGEMENT	780
CTITATACCA CCTCTGGCTG CCTCTGTCCT CCACTTACTG TCAATGAGGA ATATGTCATC GAAATATGGT GGAGACCGAC GGAGACAGGA GGTGAATGAC AOTTACTCCT TATACAGTAG	
CARATATOCT COMMACULAN GUARANCE CONTRACTOR AND MINISTER AN	
ATCCCCTATG ARGACGAGGA ACCITICAGG TIACTCTTGG TAGAAGGCTC TATACCTGAG	840
TACCOUNTAC TECTOCICCE TECHNOSICC ANTONORACE ATCTTCCGAS ATATCCACTE	
•	
ANOTOGRAGO ATCOGCTTGG TANGARAGTC ANGCGCTGGG ATLATGRARCT CCGRCACCTT	900
TRACTITOE TAGGGRACE ATTETITCAG TICGGGRACCE TATACTITGA GGCTGTGGRA	
	060
CONCREGATA ANACTGATEC TAGCGATTCC ACTCAGAATC AGAAGTCTGG CAGGAACTCT	960
CCTGACCCAT TITGACTACG ATCCCTAAGG TGAGTCTTAG TCTTCAGACC GTCCTTGAGA	

Figure 8A SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

ARTCCCCGGC CAGCACGCAG CTARATCCTG ARATCTARAR GGCCACACCC ACGGACTCCC TTAGGGGCCG GTCGTGCGTC GATTTAGGAC TTTACATTTT CCGGTGTGGG TGCCTGAGGG	1020
TYCTARGACT GOCGCTGGTG GACTAACAAA GGAAAACCGC ACAGTTGTGC TCGYGACCGA AAGATTCTGA CCGCGACCAC CTGATTGTTT CCFFFTGGGG TGTCAACACG AGCACTGGCT	1080
TTGTTTACCG CAGACACCGC GTGGCTACCG AAGTTACTTC CGGTCCCCTT TCTCCTGCTT AACAAATGGC GTCTGTGGCG CACCGATGGC TTCAATGAAG GCCAGGGGAA AGAGGACGAA	1140
CTIANTGGCG TGGGGTIAGA TCCTTERATA TGTEATATT TCTGTTTCAT CARTCACGTG GRATTACCGC ACCCCARTCT AGGRAATERT ACAATATRTA AGACAAGGTA GTTAGTGCAC	1200
GGGACTOTTC TITTGCAACC AGAATAGTAA ATTAAATATG TTGATGCTAA GOVITICTGTA CCCTGACAAG AAAACGTTGG TCTTATCATT TAATTTATAC AACTACGATT CCAAAGACAT	1260
CHOOLITICE TOGOTTIANT TROTOTICT GEACCIGAT TOAGALICEA ATOTTICATG GACCIGAGGG ACCCARATIA AACCACAAGA CATGGGACIA ACTCTTACOT TACAAAGIAC	1320
TARAGAGAGA ATCCTGGTCA TATCTCRAGA ACTAGATATI GCTGTAAGAC AGCCTCTGCT ATTTCTCTCT TAGGACCRGT ATAGAGTTCT TGATCTRTAA CGACATTCTG TCGGAGACGA	1380
CCHCCCCTIA TACTCTTCTG TITTCTATGCC TITTCTCCATT TCCCTCATGC TCTGAAACTT CGACCCGAAT ATCAGAACAC AAACATACGG AAACAGCTAA AGGGACTACG ACACTTTCAA	1440
ATRICATOTITI ATRANGGING ANCIGCATTT TGARANTONG CACTGUACAA GCAGAGTAGC TATGIACAAA TATTICCATC TIGCCGINAA ACTTINGICI GIGACGIGIT CGICCICATCG	1500
CCAACACCAG GAAGCATTA TGAGGAAACG CCACACAGCA TGACTTATTT TCAAGATTGG GGTTGTGGTC CTTCGTAAAT ACTCCTTTGC GGTGTGTCGT ACTGAATAAA AGTTCTAACC	1560
CAGGCAGCAA AATAAATAGT GITGGGAGCC AAGAAAAGAA TATTITGCCT GGITAAGGG GICCGICGIT TIATTIATCA CAACCCTCGG TICTITICIT AIRAAACGGA CCAATTCCCC	1620
CACACTOGAA TCAGTAGCCC TTGAGCCATT AACAGCAGTG TTCTTCTGGC AAGATTTTTGA GTGTGACCTT AGTCATCGGG AACTCGGTAA TTGTCGTCAC AAGAAGACCG TTCAAAAACT	1680
THIGHTCATA AMTOTATICA CGAGCATTAG AGATGAACTY ATAACTAGAC ATCTOTTOTT AMACAAGTAT TIACATAAGT GCTCOTAATC TCTACTTGAA TATTGATCTG TAGACAACAA	1740
ATCTCTATAG CTCTGCTTCC TTCTAAATCA ARCCCATTGT TGGATGCTCC CTCTCCATTC TAGAGATATC GAGACGAAGG AAGATTTAGT TTGGGTAACA ACCTACGAGG GAGAGGTAAG	1800

Figure 8B
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

	TTGGCTTGCT					1860
TATTTATTTA	AACCGAACGA	CATAACCGGT	CCTTTTCTTT	CATAATTTCA	TACCTACCTA	
<b>GTGCACCAGG</b>	CTCTTATTTA	ACAGAGGTAT	GTAACTCTAT	AAAAGACTAT	AATTTACAGG	1920
CACCIGGICC	CACAATAAAT	TOTCTCCATA	CATTGAGATA	TTTTCTGATA	TTARATGTCC	
ACACGGAAAT	GTGCACATTT	CITTACTITI	TTTCTTCCTT	TIGCTITGGG	CTTGTGATTT	1980
	CACGTGTAAA					
	TOTOTTTATE					2040
ACCANANACC	ACACAAATAC	AGACATAAAA	CCCCCACCC	ATCCAAATTC	GOTAACGTGT	
TICANGTIGA	ACTAGATTAG	AGENGACTAG	GCTCATTGGC	CTAGACATTA	TGATTTGAAT	2100
	TGATCENATC					
TTCTCTTCTT	TANTGCTCCA	TCARGATGTC	TARTARAGG	aatatcottc	TCAACAGAGA	2160
<b>NACACAACAA</b>	ATTACGAGGT	AGTTCTACAG	ATTATTTTCC	TEXTACCAAC	AGTTGTCTCT	
CGACAACAAC	AACAAA					
GCTGTTGTTG	TIGITI					

Figure 8C SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

KVCGSPGCML	LIRAGITALA	ALCILIEVEGA	RAAACEPVRI	PLCRELPWIN	TEMPNELHES	60
<b>TONNAILATE</b>	<b>QPEGLLGTEC</b>	SPULLYPICA	MYAPICTIDE	QHEPTEPCES	VCERARQGCE	120
PILIKYRHSW	PENLACEELP	VYDRGVCISP	BAIVTADGAD	PPIDSERGEC	RGASSERCEC	180
KPIRATQKTY	FRNNYNYVIR	AKVEBIKTEC	BOVTAVVEVR	BILKSSLVNI	PRDIVNLYTS	240
SCCLCPPLNV	NEEXIIMGYE	DEERSRLLLIV	<b>E</b> GSIAEKWED	RLGKKVKRIED	MELRHLGLSK	300
SDSSNSDSTO	SOKSGRNSNP	ROARN.				

Figure 9 SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

GGCGGAGCGG	GCCTTTTGGC	GTCCACTGCG	CGGCTGCACC	CARROCCEARC	TOCCOGGATC	60
CCCCCTCCCC	CGGAAAACCG	CAGGTGACGC	GCCCLACGTCG	GACCCCCTAG	ACGGCCCTAG	
ATGGTCTGCG	<b>GCAGCCCGGG</b>	AGGGATGCTG	CTGCTGCGGG	CCGGGCTGCT	TGCCCTGGCT	120
	COTCGGGCCC					
CCTCTCTCCC	TGCTCCGGGT	CCCCGGGCT	CGGCCTGCAG	CCTGTGAGCC	CGTCCGCATC	180
	ACGAGGCCCA					
CCCCTGTGCA	AGTCCCTGCC	CTGGAACATG	ACTAGATGC	CCAACCACCT	GCACCACAGC	240
	TCAGGGACGG					
ACTCAGGCCA	ACCCCATCCT	GCCCATCGAG	CAGTTCGAAG	CTCTCCTCCC	CACCCACTGC	300
	TGCGGTAGGA	•				
AGCCCCGATC	TGCTCTTCTT	CCTCTGTGCC	ATGTACGCGC	CCATCTCCAC	CATTGACTIC	360
	ACGAGAAGAA	•				•
CAGCACGAGC	CCATCAAGCC	CTGTAAGTCT	GTGTGCGAGC	GOGCCCGGCA	CCCCTCTCAC	420
	GGTAGTTCGG					
	TCAAGTACCG					480
	yclichiggc					
	GCCCCTTOTC					540
	CCCCGCACAC					
TTTCCTATGG	ATTCTAGTAA	COGRALACTOT	AGAGGGGCAA	<b>GCYCLGYYC</b>	CTGTAAATGT	600
	TAAGATCATT					
	GAGCTACACA					660
	CTCGATGTGT					
					GGAGGTGAAG	720
					CCTCCACTTC	
					CTATACCAGC	780
		•			GATATOGTCG	
					GGCTATGAA	840
AWACCUACEG	MUNCGGGAGG	TGAATTACAA	TIACTCCITA	TATAGTAGEA	CCCCATACTT	

Figure 10A SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 25)

### .18/18

GATGAGGAAC	GTTCCAGATT	ACTOTTGGTG	GRAGGCTCTA	TAGCTGAGAA	GTCCA A COMM	000
CIACICCIIG	COUGICIAA	TGRGNACCAC	CTTCCGAGAT	ATCGACTCTT	CACCTTCCTA	900
CGACTCGGTA	AAAAAGTTAA	GCGCTGGGAT	ATGAAGCTTC	GECATOTTOO	ACTOR COMA A A	200
oc renoctar	TTTTTCAATT	CGCGACCCTA	TACTTOGAAG	CAGTAGAACC	TOAGTCATTT	960
AGTGATTCTA	GCAATAGTGA	TTCCACTCAG	AGTCAGAAGT	CTGGCAGGAA	CTCGAACCCC	1020
ICAC IMMONT	CGITATCACT	AAGGTGAGTC	TCAGTCTTCA	GACCGTCCTT	GACCTTGGGG	1020
CGGCAAGCAC	GCAACTAAAT	CCCGAAATAC	AAAAAGTAAC	ACAGTGGACT	TCCTATEAAG	1080
GCC017CG1G	COPIGATITA	GGGCTTTATC	TTTTTCATTG	TOTCACCTCA	AGGATAATTC	
ACTIACITEC	ATTGCTGGAC	TAGCAAAGGA	AAATTGCACT	ATTGCACATC	ATATTCTATT	1140
TOWNSHIP	TARCGACCTG	ATCCTTTCCT	TTTAACGTGA	TAACOTGTAG	TATABGATAA	
CALATCATA	AAAATCATGT	GATAACTGAT	TATTACTTCT	CITICICITY	TOOTTTCTGC	1200
CAAATGATAT						
TTCTCTCTTC	*C*CAACCCC	TITGEARTGG	TITGGGGGCA	GACTCTTAAG	TATATTGTCA	1260
AAGAGAGAAG						
CALAGERA	TCACTAATCA	TGAGAAAAAC	TOTICITATE	Caataataat	aaattaaaca	1320
CAAAAGATAA						
TGCTGTTACC	WARRECTALL.	TGCTUAGTCT	CCAGATGTTA	ATTTACTTTC	TGCACCCCAA	1380
ACGACAATGG						
TTGGGAATGC	AATATTGGAT	GAAAAGAGAG	GITTCTGOTA	TTCACAGAAA	GCTAGATATG	1440
AACCCTTACG						
CCTTANACA	TACTOTOCOU	ATCHANTEAC	AGCCTTATTT	TTOTATECCT	TTTGGGCATT	1500
GGAATTTGT						
CTCCTCATCC	AARWEINGAT,	CCAMATGITT	ATAMAGTAA	AATGCCAGTT	TGANGTCAAA	1560
GAGGACTACG TGTCACATAG						•
TOTCACATAG ACAGTGTATC	COLLEGE CONTRACTORY.	CARGCACCAG	GAAGIGTITA	TORGGARACA	ACACCCAAGA	1620
					-	
TGAATTATTT ACTTAATAAA	AACTCTGACA		AATAAATAG	AGCTTAAGAA	AGARCATTTT	1680
GCCTCATTGA						
CGCACTAACT	CITOGRATIC	ACTTTOOTCA	TOGGOGACOC	CACAATTACC	TAGCATTCTT ATCGTAAGAA	1740
CTTTTGGC2A	The same of the sa					
CTTTTGGCAA	ATCTABLE	ANCARCATUR	ATATATTAAT	CAGCATTAGA	CAAATGAATT	1800
GAAAACCGTT						
ATAACTAGAC	TACACTOTT	DATECHANTE	TITTGTTTAA	TTTGCTTCCT	<i><b>AAATAAATT</b></i>	1860
TATTGATCTG				AAACGAAGGA	AAATTTATTT	
CCCATTGGTG	MANUAL CRUMA	AAAAAAAAA	AAA	•		
	1CU31111	TATALATAT	TTT			

Figure 10B SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

#### ' INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Porm PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)(July 1992)\*

International application No. PCT/US97/10942

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER  IPC(6): Please See Extra Sheet.  US CL.: \$30/300, 350; \$14/2; \$36/23.1  According to International Patent Chamification (IPC) or to both national classification and  B. FIELDS SEARCHED  Minimum documentation searched (chamification system followed by chamification symbols)  U.S.: \$30/300, 350; \$14/2; \$36/23.1  Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documentation is the extent that such documentation is the extent of the exte	are included in the fields searched
Electronic data base consulted during the internsticual search (name of data base and, when DIALOG (MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPL USPATFULL) AUTHOR AND WORK RENOPUS	
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category® Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the scievant p	assages Relevant to claim No.
Y, P  BOUWMEESTER et al. Cerberus is a head-inducing a factor expressed in the anterior endoderm of Spe organizer. Nature. 15 August 1996, Vol. 382, No pages 595-601, see entire document.	เกลกก'ร
Purther documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent fami	ly ames.
P Special entegeries of chall decreases: "I" biter decreases public "A" decreases defining the present state of the act which is not considered principle or theory up to be of purifically reference.	nd after the international Cling data or printly twith the application has shad to understand the decipling the increasion.
"I " Account which may from decide as which which as all the C . When the december in	or enformance, this echilected thereunism counses the most be considered to beredies as hereunism day takens alreas
alled to establish the establishment of national states of management of the same of the s	or reference; the chillent investion council to one investive cap when the descenant is come other such decrements, and combination man skilled in the set
"P depart will ded prior to the international filler data but here days " and " a department of the contract o	nes skilled in the set the example state family
Date of the actual completion of the international search  29 AUGUST 1997  Date of mailing of the international search  11 SEP 1	
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Westington, D.C. 2023  REATHER BAKALY Telephone No. (2023)	To Stary

#### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/10942

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER: IPC (6):
A01N 37/18; A61K 38/00; C07K 1/00, 2/00, 4/00, 7/00, 14/00, 16/00, 17/00; C07H 21/02, 21/04
•
·
. •
<i>,</i> •

Porm PCT/ISA/210 (extra sheet)(July 1992)+